

OUTSOURCING Inc.

Securities Code: 2427/TSE 1st Section

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Our Group's Social Responsibility and Significance



Our Group's Social Responsibility and Significance

New Initiatives in Social Responsibility

Due to large, worldwide changes caused by rapid globalization, significant changes have been starting to occur in what the society demands from HR service companies and their roles in society.

By redefining our management philosophy, we as the Outsourcing Group will create a framework that will allow us to contribute widely to society through our business activities.





Group Mission

Management Philosophy

Enhancing the quality of life of everyone around the world by eliminating inequalities in working condition and creating truly motivating workplaces.

We believe that every person in the world has the right to choose an occupation according to their life plan.

We strive to enhance the quality of life of everyone around the world by establishing effective educational systems, developing talents who are highly demanded by the global market, and eliminating inequalities in working condition.

Sustainability Policy

The Outsourcing Group is committed to corporate activities that will create job opportunities and education opportunities for many people around the world, through which we will seek to tackle the society's challenges, develop our business, and contribute to the benefit of our stakeholders in a sustainable manner.

Priorities of our Business Activities

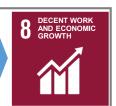
Provide quality education for jobs and operations worldwide in order to help improve people's productivity and motivation at work.



Empower women from all positions in society and provide opportunities for everyone to achieve their full potential.



Contribute to the achievement of even greater economic productivity by encouraging technological development as well as by driving innovation.



Create safe and secure employment opportunities for all by facilitating worker mobility on a global level based on the WBB.





Summary of 3Q FY12/20 Consolidated Financial Results

| (¥ million) | FY12/19 | | FY | 12/20 | YoY | |
|--|---------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------|--------|
| | 3Q YT | D Actual | 3Q YTD Actual | | Changes | |
| | Amount | Composition Ratio | Amount | Composition Ratio | Amount | Ratio |
| Revenue | 267,494 | 100.0% | 262,583 | 100.0% | (4,911) | -1.8% |
| Cost of sales | 216,627 | 81.0% | 212,818 | 81.0% | (3,809) | -1.8% |
| Gross profit | 50,867 | 19.0% | 49,765 | 19.0% | (1,102) | -2.2% |
| SG&A expenses | 43,898 | 16.4% | 44,227 | 16.8% | 329 | 0.8% |
| Operating profit | 9,998 | 3.7% | 8,364 | 3.2% | (1,634) | -16.3% |
| Profit before tax | 6,901 | 2.6% | 5,764 | 2.2% | (1,137) | -16.5% |
| Profit for the period | 3,841 | 1.4% | 3,112 | 1.2% | (729) | -19.0% |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company | 3,325 | 1.2% | 2,819 | 1.1% | (506) | -15.2% |

^{*}The amounts shown are rounded to the nearest million yen.

□ Although the revenue and profits in each category are generally down YoY, it has been judged that this is a temporary impact due to COVID-19 in the 1Q and the 2Q.



Summary

During the 1H of the current FY (Jan-Jun), the OS Group suffered severe damage from the suspension of economic activities due to self-quarantine under the declaration of a state of emergency in Japan and lockdown overseas. However, despite declines in both revenue and profits in the 3Q YTD (Jan-Sep) for Domestic Engineering Outsourcing, Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing, Overseas Engineering Outsourcing and Overseas Service Outsourcing Businesses, the group's business performance is showing a vertical recovery due to having a major advantage upon discovering new demands that have arisen in response to the coronavirus pandemic.

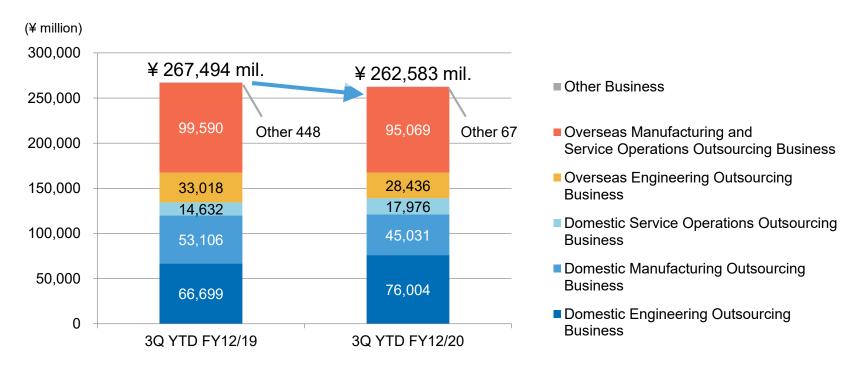
3Q results (Jul-Sep) are already showing YoY gains in revenue and profits, and both revenue and profits reached record highs in the 3Q. By 2021, we will be seeing the numbers indicated in the Medium-Term Management Plan.



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

Revenue ¥ 262,583 million (-1.8% YoY)

3Q FY12/19 (Jul.-Sep.) \pm 89,909 mil. \Rightarrow 3Q FY12/20 (Jul.-Sep.) \pm 89,955 mil. \pm 0.1%



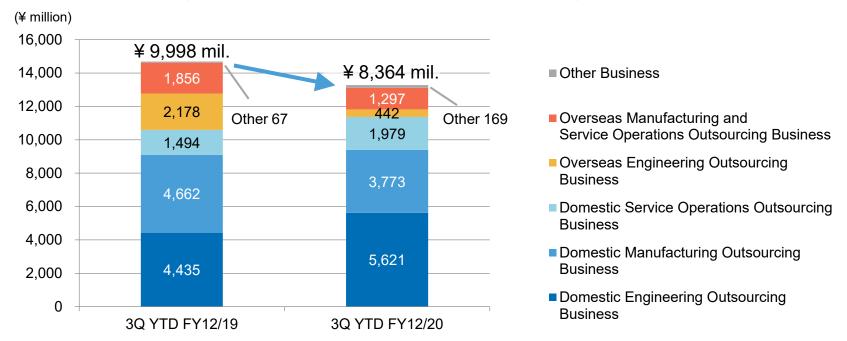
In the 1Q and 2Q, business performance suffered severe damage due to lockdowns and self-quarantine in countries around the world. While the 3Q YTD results were down slightly YoY, thanks to the rapid response of Group companies in Japan and overseas for normalizing remote work, they were able to discover new demands that arose in response to the pandemic, and the 3Q (Jul—Sep) results reversed to YoY gains.



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

Operating Profit ¥ 8,364 million (-16.3% YoY)

3Q FY12/19 (Jul.-Sep.) $\pm 4,462$ mil. \Rightarrow 3Q FY12/20 (Jul.-Sep.) $\pm 5,059$ mil. $\pm 13.4\%$



^{*} Since budgets are set for the whole and not for each individual segment, the operating profit adjustments (3Q FY12/19 ¥4,694 million and 3Q FY12/20 ¥4,917 million) are not shown in the graph but are reflected in the total operating profit.

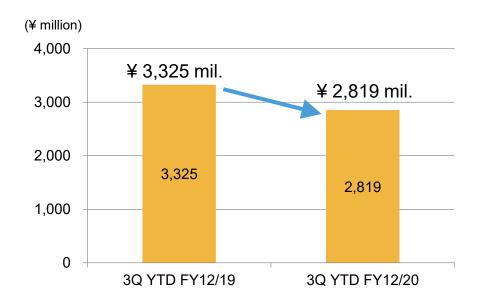
☐ As with revenue, the 3Q YTD operating profit declined YoY; however, the 3Q operating profit increased YoY.



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company ¥ 2,819 million (-15.2% YoY)

3Q FY12/19 (Jul.-Sep.) $\pm 1,949$ mil. \Rightarrow 3Q FY12/20 (Jul.-Sep.) $\pm 2,155$ mil. $\pm 10.6\%$



As with operating profit, the 3Q YTD profit attributable to owners of the Company declined YoY; however, the 3Q profit attributable to owners of the Company increased YoY.



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

Overview by Operating Segment

Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business

| Revenue | ¥76,004 million | +14.0% YoY |
|------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Operating profit | ¥5,621 million | +26.7% YoY |

No. of worksite employees at term-end 18,006 (up 179)

Figure in parentheses indicates changes from the end of the 2Q

- Thanks to the engineer dispatching business development to a wide range of fields and industry sectors, as well as KEN School schemes which provide opportunities to raise skills through training and realize career changes, the Group has a major advantage in new graduate and mid-career hiring
- Promote a "Dispatch 2.0" model which help clients increase operating efficiency
- Expect exceptional growth in the engineer dispatch industry

"Dispatch 2.0" = Providing advanced technologies and engineers as a package, including support for increasing operating efficiency for clients (Please refer to P.38, PP.45-50.)

Impact of the pandemic and future outlook (Positive \Rightarrow gold Neutral \Rightarrow blue Negative \Rightarrow red)

IT-related field

 Demand for engineers is increasing along with the increasing IT demand due to the ever-increasing technological progress and the growing trend towards remote-work. The progress has exceeded the plan by winning orders in fields with strong IT demand such as telecommunications, education, and retail.

R&D-related field such as electric, electronic and transport equipment, etc.

• Regarding transport equipment, despite some manufacturers reducing R&D spending, R&D has remained stable for the largest automaker. Orders from the semiconductor, electronics and electrical equipment sectors remain steady. Overall, the progress is in line with the plan.

Pharmaceuticals and healthcare-related field

 Orders are continuing to increase due to the growing trend in testing work and vaccines and therapeutic drugs, and the progress is ahead of the plan.

Construction-related

Although there are some delays in commencement of on-site construction projects, new orders continue to grow. The progress is in line with the plan.



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

Overview by Operating Segment

| Revenue | ¥45,031 million | -15.2% YoY |
|------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Operating profit | ¥3,773 million | -19.1% YoY |

Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business

No. of worksite employees at term-end 12,264 (down 162)

No. of workers under outsourced administration at term-end 21,124 (up 1,022)

No. of placed workers 887 (down 2,038)

Numbers of worksite employees and workers under outsourced administration are being compared with the end of 2Q, while that of placed workers is with the previous year

■ With the restart of manufacturing for transportation equipment, the Company has obtained an advantageous position in being able to win exclusive orders as explained below. Therefore, uncertainty regarding the restart of technical intern immigration has been dispelled, and there is a clear view toward achieving the Medium-Term Management Plan targets from the next fiscal year onward.

Impact of the pandemic and future outlook (Positive \Rightarrow gold Neutral \Rightarrow blue Negative \Rightarrow red)

Manufacturing dispatching and contracting

• Due to the pandemic, the market for manufacturing workers switched from a seller's market to a buyer's market, and competition with rivals changed from recruiting to order taking. The ability to come up with proposals becomes critical to win orders in this restarted market.

Our "CSM" proposal has been well received by major automakers, leading us to exclusively win large-scale orders. Hence, the progress is ahead of the plan.

Administrative outsourcing

 The number of workers increased by 4,806 YoY, since technical intern trainees who were not able to return to their home countries because of COVID-19 have changed their status of residence to Designated Activities or Specified Skilled Worker. However, the situation continues to be severe, as we now foresee that cross-border movement is expected to return to normal in the next year at the earliest.

"CSM (Cloud Staffing Management)"

= System that resolves complicated work for clients (Please refer to P.39, PP.51-54)

Due to the impact of the initiative carried out by Toyota group companies to shift holidays from the 2H to the 1H under the pandemic, accumulated result of the 3Q is 1.7% short in revenue and 0.7% short in operating profit. However, without the switching of holidays, the results would have exceeded the plan, and the full-year results are headed toward a sharp recovery at present.

* The 3Q (Jul.-Sep.) plan has been achieved.



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

| Revenue | ¥17,976 million | +22.9% YoY |
|------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Operating profit | ¥1,979 million | +32.6% YoY |

Overview by Operating Segment

Domestic Service Operations Outsourcing Business

■ As for the business for the U.S. military facilities, orders for large-scale projects have increased thanks to the expansion of the contract surety bond (performance bond) required for participation in bidding on such projects. Going forward, we will further expand the amount of the contract surety bond as the business is rolled out globally.

Impact of the pandemic and future outlook (Positive \Rightarrow gold Neutral \Rightarrow blue Negative \Rightarrow red)

Business for the U.S. military facilities

• Since it can be assumed that the business will not be affected by the pandemic and the start and progress of construction projects will not be affected also, the progress is ahead of the plan.

Various service operations businesses

- While public-works-related is expected to grow from the 4Q onward, it is insufficient to offset the shortfall from depressed inbound-related demand caused by the pandemic, making it difficult to achieve the plan.
- * The Company acquired EcoCityGroup Corporation as a wholly-owned subsidiary on October 8, 2020. EcoCityGroup Corporation is engaged in BPO contract work for local governments and public enterprises such as water and sewerage meter reading, fee collection clerical work, and operation of call centers for tax payment notifications. (Please refer to P.62.)



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

| Revenue | ¥28,436 million | -13.9% YoY |
|------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Operating profit | ¥442 million | -79.7% YoY |

Overview by Operating Segment

Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business

- In the U.K., since the financial conditions of central and local governments tightened under the pandemic, demand for privatization of various public services has continued to increase; the growth of government-related business is accelerating.
- In Australia, the Group's regional expansion and brand strength captured a wide range of businesses associated with the shift to essential workers in the fields including telecommunications infrastructure and public works, etc. that are less susceptible to economic fluctuation and the impact of the pandemic
- In Australia, where demand for X-Tech such as Fin-tech, Ed-tech, Agri-tech, etc. is accelerating, we are working to capture demands in such growth industries

 X-Tech (cross tech) = Utilizing the power of IT to provide new value and systems to existing industries

Impact of the pandemic and future outlook (Positive \Rightarrow gold Neutral \Rightarrow blue Negative \Rightarrow red)

U.K.

- For the debt collection and execution business, collection of existing claims and issuance of new claims were suspended due to the impact of
 the pandemic; however, they have restarted in stages from the 3Q, and the Company won new orders of debt collection for the private sector.
 The progress is in line with the plan.
- The BPO, BPS and BPA businesses for government institutions, which are mainly on long-term contracts, are trending steadily thanks to their early development of remote work practices, and with special demand arising from the pandemic, the progress is ahead of the plan.

Oceania

- In Australia, while client cost reductions were implemented with IT consulting and dispatch, we accelerated the development of remote work practices and shifted to areas where demand can be expected even under the pandemic. As a result, the progress is ahead of the plan.
- The training business aims to achieve low-cost operations and to expand the deployment area by bringing educational content online. Even so, the difficult situation is expected to continue during this fiscal year.



Highlights of Consolidated Financial Results

| Revenue | ¥95,069 million | -4.5% YoY |
|------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Operating profit | ¥1,297 million | -30.1% YoY |

Overview by Operating Segment

Overseas Manufacturing and Service Operations Outsourcing Business

■ While the outlook for the Manufacturing Outsourcing is not the best, the Service Operations Outsourcing business mainly related to the logistics for e-commerce is seeing ongoing favorable performance with the tailwind from COVID-19 and is expected to continue to expand; hence it is expected to catch up to the Medium-Term Management Plan targets from the next fiscal year onward.

Impact of the pandemic and future outlook (Positive \Rightarrow gold Neutral \Rightarrow blue Negative \Rightarrow red)

Germany / Manufacturing Outsourcing (Orizon)

There is no prospect for recovery of the business with an aircraft manufacturer which was among the top clients, and there are also
restructuring costs to establish a structure which can generate profits both under the pandemic and after the pandemic. Therefore, the
progress is severe relative to the plan.

Netherlands / Service Operations Outsourcing (OTTO: e-commerce distribution-related)

- The e-commerce business is in excellent shape as the environment under the pandemic works as a major tailwind. Progress in both revenue and profits is more than double that of the plan.
- **The Asian payroll business** is being rolled out for major U.S. and European companies, and even under the pandemic, it is not subject to closure as a key infrastructure; therefore, the progress is in line with the plan.
- For the Manufacturing Outsourcing Business in Asia, costs to maintain employment such as leave compensation and paid leave will be significantly reduced by the easing of curtailed production and the lifting of lockdown in each country. Operating profit is expected to turn profitable in the 4Q, but progress will remain severe relative to the plan.
- Going forward, we expect a recovery in earnings from the growth in overseas employment-related business, following the relaxation of travel restrictions.
- As for South America, the airport-related business is harsh; however, the e-commerce related business for daily necessities, the supermarket related business and the facilities related business for office buildings, etc. are expected to have a favorable outlook. Additional orders for disinfection as part of the cleaning business mainly for distribution facilities in Brazil can be expected. In general, progress is in line with the plan.



Consolidated Financial Results (Quarterly Trends)

| (¥ million) | FY12/19 | | | | | | FY12/20 | |
|---|---------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|--------|---------|--------|
| | | | Actual | | | Actual | | |
| | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Full-Year | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q |
| Revenue | 86,404 | 91,181 | 89,909 | 93,755 | 361,249 | 89,542 | 83,086 | 89,955 |
| Gross profit | 16,065 | 16,788 | 18,014 | 19,917 | 70,784 | 17,104 | 13,996 | 18,665 |
| Gross profit margin | 18.6% | 18.4% | 20.0% | 21.2% | 19.6% | 19.1% | 16.8% | 20.7% |
| SG&A expenses | 14,427 | 14,803 | 14,668 | 14,968 | 58,866 | 15,499 | 13,975 | 14,753 |
| SG&A expenses ratio | 16.7% | 16.2% | 16.3% | 16.0% | 16.3% | 17.3% | 16.8% | 16.4% |
| Other operating income *1 | 969 | 1,120 | 1,327 | 1,171 | 4,587 | 1,072 | 1,162 | 1,313 |
| Other operating expense | 130 | 46 | 211 | 776 | 1,163 | 188 | 367 | 166 |
| Operating profit | 2,477 | 3,059 | 4,462 | 5,344 | 15,342 | 2,489 | 816 | 5,059 |
| Operating profit margin | 2.9% | 3.4% | 5.0% | 5.7% | 4.2% | 2.8% | 1.0% | 5.6% |
| Profit before tax | 1,338 | 2,027 | 3,536 | 6,418 | 13,319 | 1,470 | 576 | 3,718 |
| Profit before tax margin | 1.5% | 2.2% | 3.9% | 6.8% | 3.7% | 1.6% | 0.7% | 4.1% |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company | 455 | 921 | 1,949 | 4,902 | 8,227 | 857 | (193) | 2,155 |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company margin | 0.5% | 1.0% | 2.2% | 5.2% | 2.3% | 1.0% | -0.2% | 2.4% |

| QoQ/YoY Changes | FY12/19 | | | | | FY12/20 | | | |
|--|---------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|---------|---------|--------|--|
| | | | Actual | | | Actual | | | |
| | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Full-Year | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | |
| Revenue | -4.3% | 5.5% | -1.4% | 4.3% | 16.0% | -4.5% | -7.2% | 8.3% | |
| Gross profit | -17.9% | 4.5% | 7.3% | 10.6% | 13.4% | -14.1% | -18.2% | 33.4% | |
| SG&A expenses | 4.0% | 2.6% | -0.9% | 2.0% | 23.3% | 3.5% | -9.8% | 5.6% | |
| Operating profit | -55.6% | 23.5% | 45.9% | 19.8% | 5.1% | -53.4% | -67.2% | 519.9% | |
| Profit before tax | -71.8% | 51.5% | 74.4% | 81.5% | 6.1% | -77.1% | -60.7% | 544.4% | |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company | -86.8% | 101.9% | 112.0% | 151.4% | 10.0% | -82.5% | -122.6% | - | |

^{*1} Dormitory fees received from employees at company-rented employee dormitories, which should be included in real profit, are included in other operating income.
*2 The amounts shown are rounded to the nearest million yen.



Financial Results by Operating Segment and Revenue by Region (Quarterly Trends)

| (¥ million) | | | | FY12/19 | | | | FY12/20 | |
|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | | Actual | | | | Actual | |
| | | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Full-Year | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q |
| Daniel Frankra | Revenue | 20,513 | 22,321 | 23,865 | 24,668 | 91,367 | 25,100 | 25,304 | 25,600 |
| Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business | Operating profit | 1,336 | 1,038 | 2,061 | 2,558 | 6,993 | 1,446 | 1,268 | 2,907 |
| | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 13,214 | 15,036 | 15,461 | 15,888 | 15,888 | 16,048 | 17,827 | 18,006 |
| | Revenue | 17,546 | 17,957 | 17,603 | 17,424 | 70,530 | 16,280 | 14,128 | 14,623 |
| | Operating profit | 1,364 | 1,643 | 1,655 | 2,692 | 7,354 | 1,450 | 1,108 | 1,215 |
| Domestic Manufacturing | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 13,531 | 14,018 | 13,661 | 13,457 | 13,457 | 12,909 | 12,426 | 12,264 |
| Outsourcing Business | No. of workers under outsourced administration at term-end | 12,418 | 13,528 | 16,318 | 18,670 | 18,670 | 20,007 | 20,102 | 21,124 |
| | No. of placed workers | 924 | 1,034 | 967 | 800 | 3,725 | 511 | 191 | 185 |
| Domestic Service | Revenue | 4,806 | 5,351 | 4,476 | 5,936 | 20,569 | 5,936 | 5,918 | 6,122 |
| Operations Outsourcing | Operating profit | 400 | 643 | 451 | 662 | 2,156 | 631 | 635 | 713 |
| Business | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 2,670 | 2,657 | 2,424 | 2,560 | 2,560 | 2,301 | 1,975 | 1,856 |
| O Fasias sias | Revenue | 10,364 | 11,561 | 11,093 | 10,848 | 43,866 | 9,558 | 8,712 | 10,166 |
| Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business | Operating profit | 553 | 564 | 1,061 | 167 | 2,345 | 335 | (177) | 284 |
| Calcolling Dustriess | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 3,280 | 3,718 | 3,600 | 3,468 | 3,468 | 3,307 | 3,176 | 3,040 |
| Overseas Manufacturing | Revenue | 33,014 | 33,834 | 32,742 | 34,618 | 134,208 | 32,621 | 29,015 | 33,433 |
| and Service Operations | Operating profit | 316 | 993 | 547 | 657 | 2,513 | 124 | (381) | 1,554 |
| Outsourcing Business | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 42,280 | 44,707 | 44,968 | 44,580 | 44,580 | 41,683 | 38,136 | 43,719 |
| | Revenue | 161 | 157 | 130 | 261 | 709 | 47 | 9 | 11 |
| Other Business | Operating profit | 2 | 44 | 21 | 21 | 88 | 55 | 2 | 112 |
| | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adjustments | Operating profit | (1,494) | (1,866) | (1,334) | (1,413) | (6,107) | (1,552) | (1,639) | (1,726) |
| Total | Revenue | 86,404 | 91,181 | 89,909 | 93,755 | 361,249 | 89,542 | 83,086 | 89,955 |
| าบเลา | Operating profit | 2,477 | 3,059 | 4,462 | 5,344 | 15,342 | 2,489 | 816 | 5,059 |

^{*1:} The amounts shown are rounded to the nearest million yen.



FY12/19 FY12/20 Revenue by Region Actual Actual Full-Year (¥ million) 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 43.026 45.786 46.074 48.289 183.175 47.363 45.359 46,356 Asia (excl. Japan) 3,414 3,427 3,166 3,390 13,397 2.854 1.980 2,198 11,783 13,271 12,027 12,157 49,238 10,546 10,727 12,037 Oceania Europe 26,225 26,573 26,330 27,522 106,650 26,666 23,450 27,386 South America 1,956 2,124 2,312 2,397 8,789 2,113 1,570 1,978 89,542 Total 86,404 91,181 89,909 93,755 361,249 83,086 89,955

^{*2:} Inter-segment transactions in revenue are eliminated.

^{*3:} Actual forex rates used in 3Q FY12/20 results (average rates for Jan-Sep. 2020)

[•] EUR 120.93

[·] GBP 136.67

[·] AUD 72.76

[·] USD 107.55

Summary of Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

| (¥ million) | FY12/ | 19-End | 3Q-End | FY12/20 | vs FY12/19-End | |
|--|----------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------|--|
| | Amount | Composition Ratio | Amount | Composition Ratio | Amount | |
| Current assets | 112,441 | 46.9% | 110,749 | 46.0% | (1,692) | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 40,246 | 16.8% | 36,175 | 15.0% | (4,071) | |
| Trade and other receivables | 51,722 | 21.6% | 51,867 | 21.5% | 145 | |
| Inventories | 1,608 | 0.7% | 2,098 | 0.9% | 490 | |
| Non-current assets | 127,466 | 53.1% | 130,072 | 54.0% | 2,606 | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 9,421 | 3.9% | 9,810 | 4.1% | 389 | |
| Right-of-use assets | 18,246 | 7.6% | 17,475 | 7.3% | (771) | |
| Goodwill | 55,978 | 23.3% | 57,272 | 23.8% | 1,294 | |
| Intangible assets | 20,846 | 8.7% | 19,070 | 7.9% | (1,776) | |
| Other non-current financial assets | 15,891 | 6.6% | 17,462 | 7.3% | 1,571 | |
| Total assets | 239,907 | 100.0% | 240,821 | 100.0% | 914 | |
| Current liabilities | 90,192 | 37.6% | 112,852 | 46.9% | 22,660 | |
| Trade and other payables | 35,033 | 14.6% | 36,666 | 15.2% | 1,633 | |
| Bonds and borrowings | 20,146 | 8.4% | 38,630 | 16.0% | 18,484 | |
| Lease Liabilities | 15,577 | 6.5% | 17,513 | 7.3% | 1,936 | |
| Income tax payables | 3,922 | 1.6% | 2,328 | 1.0% | (1,594) | |
| Non-current liabilities | 84,675 | 35.3% | 64,332 | 26.7% | (20,343) | |
| Bonds and borrowings | 47,664 | 19.9% | 31,530 | 13.1% | (16,134) | |
| Lease Liabilities | 20,120 | 8.4% | 17,797 | 7.4% | (2,323) | |
| Other non-current financial liabilities | 6,806 | 2.8% | 4,325 | 1.8% | (2,481) | |
| Total liabilities | 174,867 | 72.9% | 177,184 | 73.6% | 2,317 | |
| Share capital | 25,187 | 10.5% | 25,214 | 10.5% | 27 | |
| Share premium | 26,620 | 11.1% | 26,647 | 11.1% | 27 | |
| Treasury shares | (0) | -0.0% | (0) | 0.0% | - | |
| Other share premium | (14,056) | -5.9% | (13,681) | -5.7% | 375 | |
| Retained earnings | 25,559 | 10.7% | 25,516 | 10.6% | (43) | |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company | 60,675 | 25.3% | 59,762 | 24.8% | (913) | |
| Non-controlling interests | 4,365 | 1.8% | 3,875 | 1.6% | (490) | |
| Equity | 65,040 | 27.1% | 63,637 | 26.4% | (1,403) | |
| Total liabilities and equity | 239,907 | 100.0% | 240,821 | 100.0% | 914 | |

Cash and cash equivalents:

Decreased due to payment of taxes and dividends

Bonds and borrowings:

Increased due to borrowing for business funds

Equity attributable to owners of the Company: Reflects profit attributable to owners of the Company, FY-end dividend payment, and the effect of foreign exchange rate changes

^{*}The amounts shown are rounded to the nearest million yen.





Revised Consolidated Financial Forecast (January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020)

Since economic activities were suspended in April due to lockdowns and the declaration of a state of emergency, we suffered major damage, thus having to revise our financial forecasts. Nonetheless, we have continued to strive to establish a group structure in which our profits are less likely to receive impact from economic fluctuation, and we were expecting a vertical recovery in earnings once economic activities started running. Since economic activities started running earlier than expected, we revised our full-year consolidated financial forecasts for FY12/20.

| | Revenue (¥ million) | Operating profit (¥ million) | Profit before tax (¥ million) | Profit for the year (¥ million) | Profit attributable to owners of the Company (¥ million) | Basic earnings per share |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| Previous forecast (A) *Announced on May 14, 2020 | 365,000 | 10,000 | 6,800 | 3,600 | 3,000 | 23.83 JPY |
| Revised forecast (B) | 365,000 | 13,750 | 9,250 | 4,700 | 3,850 | 30.57 JPY |
| Difference (B-A) | 0 | 3,750 | 2,450 | 1,100 | 850 | |
| Percentage change (%) | - | 37.5 | 36.0 | 30.6 | 28.3 | |
| (Reference) Results for the previous fiscal year | 361,249 | 15,342 | 13,319 | 8,975 | 8,227 | 65.48 JPY |

Note: As the provisional accounting of the business combinations was finalized, the condensed consolidated financial statement for FY12/19 was retroactively adjusted.



Breakdown of the operating profit re-revision as of Nov. 5 (vs. the revision as of May 14) (Unit: ¥ million) 14,000 Projections by area at time of drafting the revised forecasts 13.750 200 300 1,500 13,500 (50)13,000 12,500 12,000 1,250 11,500 150 150 300 11,000 650 10,500 (700)10.000 10,000 UK EU EU Oceania Asia South America Japan Japan Japan Adjustment Revised forecast Revised forecast (engineering) (manufacturing) (service operation) (Germany) (Nehterlands) announced on May 14 announced on Nov. 5

| Area | Risk premises at time of the first revision (May 14) | Progress/current status for re-revision (Nov. 5) | Changes in risk parameters* |
|--|---|--|-----------------------------|
| Japan (engineering) | Delays in assignments or lost worktime due to suspended operations by clients in response to the pandemic | Virtually no negative impact after the declaration of a state of emergency Capturing new demand arising in the COVID-19 environment | +¥650 million |
| Japan (manufacturing/ service operations) | Suspension and adjustment of client's operations led by the transport equipment segment Delay in entry of technical intern trainees and other foreign nationals due to the immigration restrictions Reduced operating rates mainly due to reduced demand for tourism and restaurants serving for inbound visitors | CSM introduction plan has been proceeding favorably while industry reorganization advanced along with the recovery in production. Travel restrictions are expected to extend longer than expected both in the local countries and in Japan The shift to essential worker areas is proceeding favorably | +¥450 million |
| UK | Delays in new orders and debt collection due to lockdown | Debt collection resumed at the end of August making a favorable start, but there are concerns about the impact of a second lockdown Capturing special demand from COVID-19, favorable on increased outplacement demand | +¥150 million |
| EU (Germany, Netherlands) | Cancellations due to lockdown, contracting operations, and decreasing cross-border workforce | Although the recovery in the Manufacturing Outsourcing Business is behind schedule, demand for distribution and retail is increasing more than expected | +¥550 million |
| Oceania | Decline in the number of dispatched workers under deteriorating business environment, and significant drop in the number of referrals with the suspension of recruitment activities Increased cancelation orders for training due to lockdown | Trending favorably due to focusing on the dispatch of essential workers in mining, infrastructure, logistics, food products and healthcare-related, as well as the IT-related fields Uptake is increasing due to early completion of the switch to online training Employment-related subsidies boosted operating profit | +¥1,500 million |
| Asia | Negative impact by stay-home restriction and throttled production from the spread of the pandemic | While relaxation of travel restrictions and curtailed production is expanding in each country, the pace is slower than expected | - ¥50 million |
| South America | Cancellation of orders and reduced production due to lockdown | While the airport infrastructure-related services are depressed, the retail services and the cleaning business perform favorably due to better-than-expected demand | +¥300 million |
| Overall | _ | (Estimate of operating profit adjustments decreases ¥200 million = operating profit increases ¥200 million) ⇒ | +¥3,750 million |



Revised dividend forecast

(1) Details of the revision

| | Annual cash dividend per share | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------|----|----------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | Year-end | Total | | | | |
| Previous forecast (Announced on May 14, 2020) | ¥ | ¥ | ¥ | ¥ | ¥ | | | | |
| | ı | 0.00 | - | 8.00 | 8.00 | | | | |
| Revised forecast | | | | 10.00 | 10.00 | | | | |
| Dividends paid in the current fiscal year | ı | 0.00 | - | | | | | | |
| Dividends paid in the previous fiscal year (FY12/19) | - | 0.00 | - | 24.00 | 24.00 | | | | |

(2) Reasons for the revision

The Company is aware that returning profits to shareholders is an important management priority. Therefore, we maintain the consolidated payout ratio at 30% in principle while reinvesting a portion of profits toward expanding the scale of business, in order to enhance the return of profits to shareholders as well as to expand the shareholder base.

The previously announced year-end dividend forecast for FY12/20 (May 14, 2020) was set at ¥8 per share, maintaining the payout ratio at 30%, with the expectation of a certain level of recovery next fiscal year. However, as described in the revised financial forecasts on PP.20-21, profits are now expected to exceed the previous forecast; therefore, we revised up the forecast dividend by ¥2 to ¥10 per share, maintaining the payout ratio at 30%.



 YoY Change and the Revised Full-year Consolidated Financial Forecasts for FY12/20 (IFRS) announced on November 5, 2020

| (¥ million) | FY12/19 Actual | | | FY12/20 | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------|-----------|----------------------|---------|----------|-----------|----------------------|---------|--------|
| | | | | Actual | | Forecast | | YoY Change | | |
| | 1H 2H | | Full-Year | | 1H | 2H | Full-Year | | | |
| | Amount | Amount | Amount | Composition Ratio | Amount | Amount | Amount | Composition Ratio | Amount | Ratio |
| Revenue | 177,585 | 183,664 | 361,249 | 100.0% | 172,628 | 192,372 | 365,000 | 100.0% | 3,751 | 1.0% |
| Cost of sales | 144,732 | 145,733 | 290,465 | 80.4% | 141,528 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Gross profit | 32,853 | 37,931 | 70,784 | 19.6% | 31,100 | - | - | - | - | - |
| SG&A expenses | 29,230 | 29,636 | 58,866 | 16.3% | 29,474 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Operating profit | 5,536 | 9,806 | 15,342 | 4.2% | 3,305 | 10,445 | 13,750 | 3.8% | (1,592) | -10.4% |
| Finance income | 52 | 645 | 697 | 0.2% | 606 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Finance costs | 2,223 | 557 | 2,780 | 0.8% | 1,861 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Profit before tax | 3,365 | 9,954 | 13,319 | 3.7% | 2,046 | 7,204 | 9,250 | 2.5% | (4,069) | -30.5% |
| Profit for the period | 1,799 | 7,176 | 8,975 | 2.5% | 798 | 3,902 | 4,700 | 1.3% | (4,275) | -47.6% |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company | 1,376 | 6,851 | 8,227 | 2.3% | 664 | 3,186 | 3,850 | 1.1% | (4,377) | -53.2% |

^{*1:} The amounts shown are rounded to the nearest million yen.



^{*2:} Forex rate assumptions for full-year consolidated earnings forecast EUR 124.70, GBP 137.31, AUD 76.48, USD 105.76.

Revised FY12/20 Consolidated Financial Forecasts (IFRS) by Segment announced on November 5, 2020 (Annual, Semi-Annual and Quarterly Trends)

| (¥ million) | | | FY12/19 | | | | | FY12/20 | | | |
|--|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | | Actual | | | | | Actual | | | Forecasts |
| | | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Full-Year | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Full-Year |
| Democratic Engineering | Revenue | 20,513 | 22,321 | 23,865 | 24,668 | 91,367 | 25,100 | 25,304 | 25,600 | 28,996 | 105,000 |
| Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business | Operating profit | 1,336 | 1,038 | 2,061 | 2,558 | 6,993 | 1,446 | 1,268 | 2,907 | 3,279 | 8,900 |
| | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 13,214 | 15,036 | 15,461 | 15,888 | 15,888 | 16,048 | 17,827 | 18,006 | 18,208 | 18,208 |
| | Revenue | 17,546 | 17,957 | 17,603 | 17,424 | 70,530 | 16,280 | 14,128 | 14,623 | 18,069 | 63,100 |
| | Operating profit | 1,364 | 1,643 | 1,655 | 2,692 | 7,354 | 1,450 | 1,108 | 1,215 | 2,077 | 5,850 |
| Domestic Manufacturing | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 13,531 | 14,018 | 13,661 | 13,457 | 13,457 | 12,909 | 12,426 | 12,264 | 16,400 | 16,400 |
| Outsourcing Business | No. of workers under outsourced administration at term-end | 12,418 | 13,528 | 16,318 | 18,670 | 18,670 | 20,007 | 20,102 | 21,124 | 22,300 | 22,300 |
| | No. of placed workers | 924 | 1,034 | 967 | 800 | 3,725 | 511 | 191 | 185 | 325 | 1,212 |
| Domestic Service | Revenue | 4,806 | 5,351 | 4,476 | 5,936 | 20,569 | 5,936 | 5,918 | 6,122 | 6,324 | 24,300 |
| Operations Outsourcing | Operating profit | 400 | 643 | 451 | 662 | 2,156 | 631 | 635 | 713 | 621 | 2,600 |
| Business | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 2,670 | 2,657 | 2,424 | 2,560 | 2,560 | 2,301 | 1,975 | 1,856 | 2,776 | 2,776 |
| Overses Francisco | Revenue | 10,364 | 11,561 | 11,093 | 10,848 | 43,866 | 9,558 | 8,712 | 10,166 | 10,264 | 38,700 |
| Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business | Operating profit | 553 | 564 | 1,061 | 167 | 2,345 | 335 | (177) | 284 | 258 | 700 |
| | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 3,280 | 3,718 | 3,600 | 3,468 | 3,468 | 3,307 | 3,176 | 3,040 | 2,844 | 2,844 |
| Overseas Manufacturing | Revenue | 33,014 | 33,834 | 32,742 | 34,618 | 134,208 | 32,621 | 29,015 | 33,433 | 38,631 | 133,700 |
| and Service Operations Outsourcing Business | Operating profit | 316 | 993 | 547 | 657 | 2,513 | 124 | (381) | 1,554 | 1,503 | 2,800 |
| | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 42,280 | 44,707 | 44,968 | 44,580 | 44,580 | 41,683 | 38,136 | 43,719 | 45,153 | 45,153 |
| Other Business | Revenue | 161 | 157 | 130 | 261 | 709 | 47 | 9 | 11 | 133 | 200 |
| | Operating profit | 2 | 44 | 21 | 21 | 88 | 55 | 2 | 112 | 31 | 200 |
| | No. of worksite employees at term-end | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adjustments | Operating profit | (1,494) | (1,866) | (1,334) | (1,413) | (6,107) | (1,552) | (1,639) | (1,726) | (2,383) | (7,300) |
| Total | Revenue | 86,404 | 91,181 | 89,909 | 93,755 | 361,249 | 89,542 | 83,086 | 89,955 | 102,417 | 365,000 |
| | Operating profit | 2,477 | 3,059 | 4,462 | 5,344 | 15,342 | 2,489 | 816 | 5,059 | 5,386 | 13,750 |

^{*1:} The amounts shown are rounded to the nearest million yen.



^{*2:} Inter-segment transactions in revenue by region are eliminated.

Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account



Importance of global expansion in the HR service business

Our Group operates human resources service businesses.

We are engaged in what we call a "stock business" which accompanies hiring and achieves growth by dispatching more workers. Since the Japanese population is rapidly decreasing, the prospect for long-term growth in Japanese market alone is gloomy.

In contrast, the global population now at 7.7 billion is projected to increase to 10 billion. Our Group views this population increase as a growth opportunity. We have proactively pushed into markets overseas through M&A, recording a significant amount of goodwill in the process. However, in exchange, we will achieve overwhelming growth compared to our competitors in Japan.



Our Group's global strategy and policy

- 1. Since we see the increasing global population as a growth opportunity, our Group aims to provide human resources services to industries capable of sustainable growth in countries that are open to immigrants, or in other words, industries with high demand for human resources.
- 2. In order to level business performance, which is a prerequisite of achieving truly sustainable growth, our Group is striving to create a global platform. This will enable us to expand our HR service business by entering fields with different business cycles or fields relatively insusceptible to economic fluctuations.
- 3. We will not jump into a business that falls outside the realm of the management expertise our Group has built up over the years.



*Please refer to PP.63-64.



Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account

Goodwill by Country

Of the total goodwill of ¥57.3 billion, overseas consolidated group companies amounts to ¥43.4 billion.

(Unit: ¥ hundred million)

| | Goodwill amount (as of the end of 3Q FY12/20) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Country name | Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business | Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business | Domestic Service Operations Outsourcing Business | Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business | Overseas Manufacturing and Service Operations Outsourcing Business | Total Amount by Country | | | |
| Japan | 61 | 43 | 35 | _ | _ | 139 | | | |
| Japan Total | 61 | 43 | 35 | _ | _ | 139 | | | |
| UK | _ | _ | - | 82 | 126 | 208 | | | |
| UK Total | _ | _ | _ | 82 | 126 | 208 | | | |
| Germany | _ | _ | - | _ | 70 | 70 | | | |
| Netherlands | _ | _ | _ | _ | 49 | 49 | | | |
| EU Total | _ | _ | _ | _ | 119 | 119 | | | |
| Australia | _ | _ | - | 74 | 5 | 79 | | | |
| New Zealand | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 2 | | | |
| Oceania Total | _ | _ | _ | 74 | 7 | 81 | | | |
| Thailand | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Vietnam | _ | _ | _ | _ | 0 | 0 | | | |
| India | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Malaysia | _ | _ | _ | _ | 9 | 9 | | | |
| Asia (excluding Japan) Total | _ | _ | _ | _ | 11 | 11 | | | |
| Chile | _ | _ | _ | _ | 6 | 6 | | | |
| Brazil | _ | _ | _ | _ | 2 | 2 | | | |
| South America Total | _ | _ | - | _ | 8 | 8 | | | |
| Others | _ | _ | _ | _ | 7 | 7 | | | |
| Total | 61 | 43 | 35 | 156 | 278 | 573 | | | |

^{*}Although Hoban in Australia falls under Overseas Manufacturing and Service Operation Business, since it is recognized as part of the goodwill group of Outsourcing Oceania (Clicks, Index, Hoban, Outsourcing Oceania) and cannot be separated independently, Hoban has been tentatively included in Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business.



Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: Japan

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)

(Individual company explanation is for those with more than ¥1 billion in goodwill)

Total goodwill in Japan

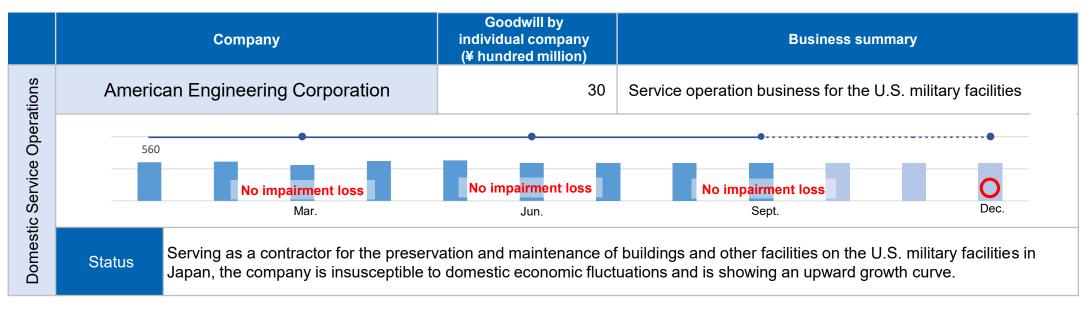
¥13.9 billion

*Total of 28 companies including the following company

No. of workers enrolled — Utilization rate

Goodwill impairment risk evaluation during stress test

- : Extremely low risk
- ∴ : While not zero, risk remains stable and limited
- X: High risk





Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: UK

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)

(Individual company explanation is for those with more than ¥1 billion in goodwill)

Total goodwill in UK

¥20.8 billion

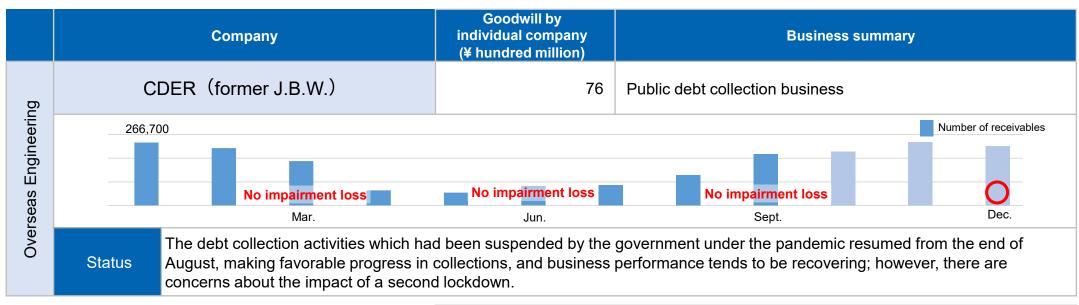
*Total of 11 companies including the following 4 compnies

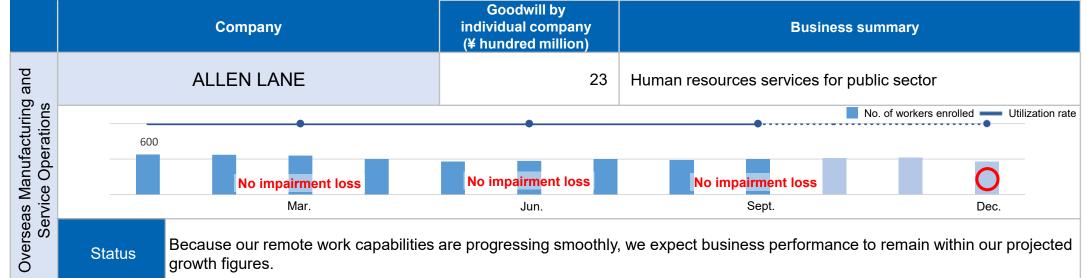
Goodwill impairment risk evaluation during stress test

: Extremely low risk

△ : While not zero, risk remains stable and limited

X: High risk





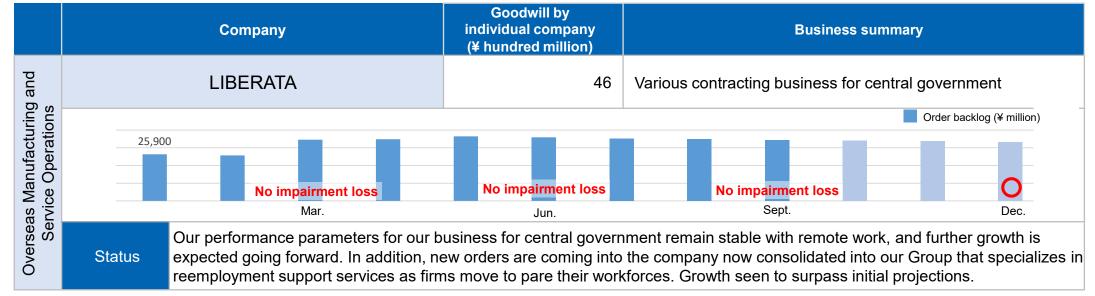
Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: UK

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)

(Individual company explanation is for those with more than ¥1 billion in goodwill)

Goodwill impairment risk evaluation during stress test

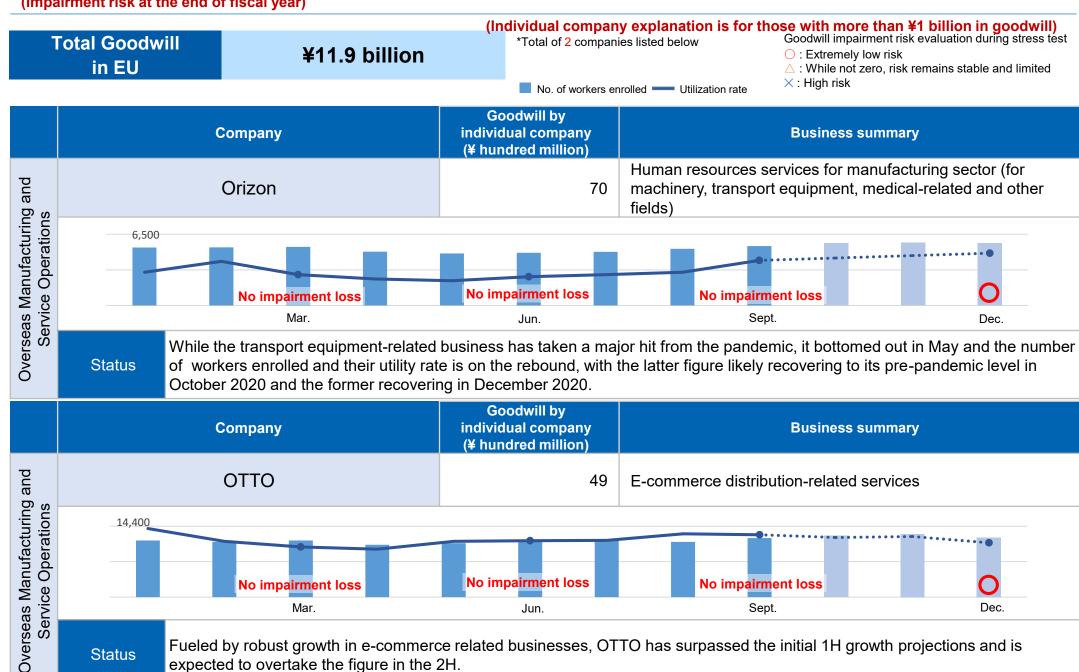
- : Extremely low risk
- △ : While not zero, risk remains stable and limited
- X: High risk





Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: EU

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)



Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: Oceania

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)

(Individual company explanation is for those with more than ¥1 billion in goodwill) Goodwill impairment risk evaluation during stress test

Total Goodwill in Oceania

¥8.1 billion

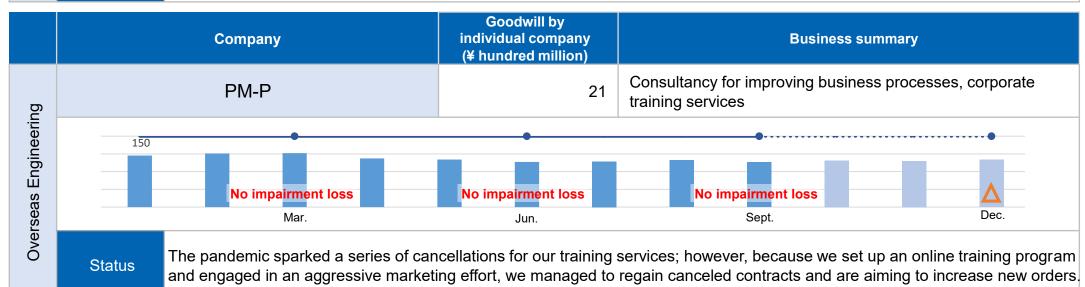
* Total of 7 companies including the following 3 companies

: Extremely low risk

△ : While not zero, risk remains stable and limited

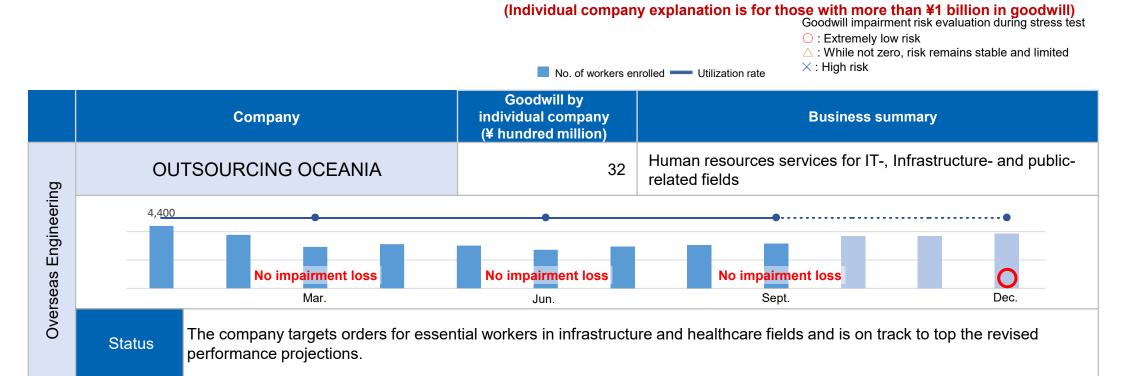
X: High risk





Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: Oceania

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)

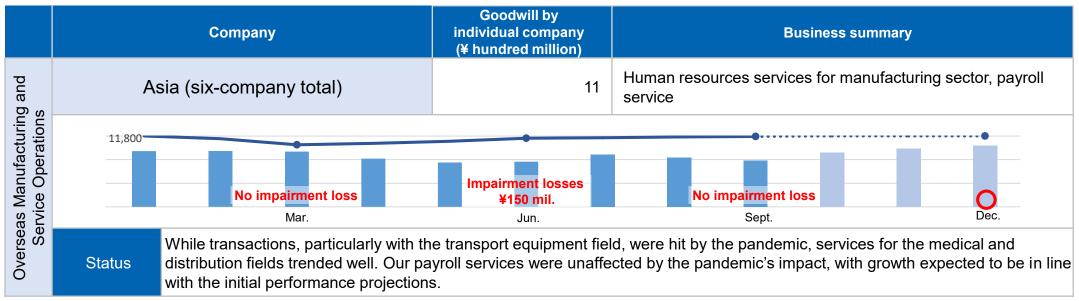




Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: Asia

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)







Status of Group Companies Whose Goodwill is Recorded on OS Account: South America

(Impairment risk at the end of fiscal year)

(Individual company explanation is for those with more than ¥1 billion in goodwill)

Total Goodwill in South America

¥0.8 billion

*Total of 4 companies

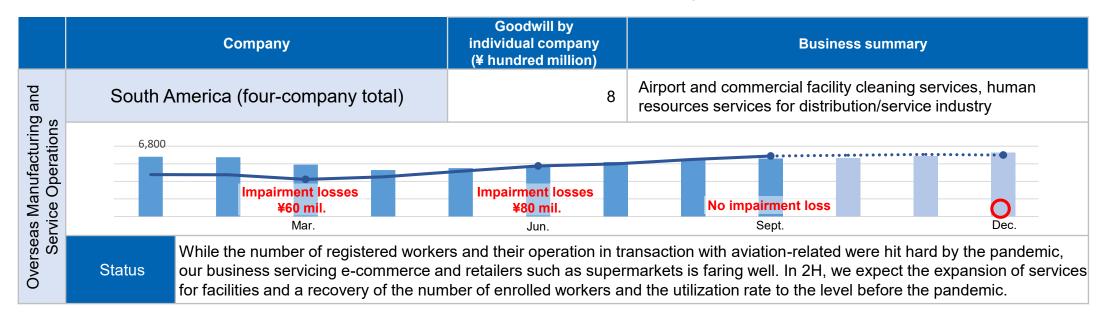
No. of workers enrolled Utilization rate

Goodwill impairment risk evaluation during stress test

: Extremely low risk

 \triangle : While not zero, risk remains stable and limited

X : High risk







Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business

Progress status of "Dispatch 2.0"

"Dispatch 2.0" provides advanced technology and engineers as a package for operational support to increase client operating efficiency ⇒ Please refer to PP.45-50.

| | | | | | 4Q FY12/20 | | FY12/22 | FY12/23 | FY12/24 |
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|------------|------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | Actual | Actual | Actual | Estimate | Plan | Plan | Plan | Plan |
| Dispatch 2.0 C | Operation | 52 | 197 | 251 | 300 | 668 | 1,500 | 2,700 | 4,500 |



<< Case Study>>

Moving into the construction industry's conversion to DX



Conventional work





One worker does the task of two! Ledger sheets will be automatically generated!







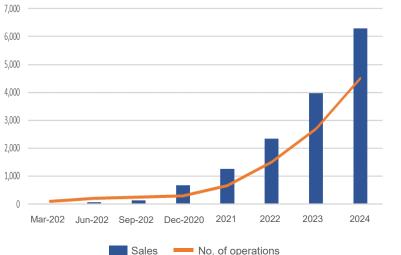
Haseko Group and Outsourcing Technology collaborate with Microsoft Japan to promote productivity reform in construction and real estate

- Onsite 3D modeling and work progress confirmation Document sharing with field
- workers 3D design, work report creation
 - Remote administrator
- Creates a 3D model of the site by walking
- Confirms and implements work instructions Records work content (audio, photo, video)

Field worker



*All HR, robots, and software work classified as "operation"



Business model

Out-Sourcing! Technology

Shared strategy

- 1. Case studies from 3 major companies in their respective industries
- 2. Horizontal development of industry standard winning patterns







Manufacturing / Logistics

Construction

Medicine

Telecommunications

Government agencies

Haseko Corporation: No. 1 in cumulative construction of condominiums (as of the end of August 2020)



Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business

CSM (Cloud Staffing Management) is a system that resolves complicated work for clients ⇒ Please refer to PP.51-54.

Progress status of Dispatched Employee Arrangement/Management System "CSM"

A major automobile manufacturer plans to adopt CSM from October 2020

- CSM is based on a commercially available cloud system and is customized by our group companies working in concert, for the arrangement/management of dispatched employees.
- Upon conclusion of a 6-month trial period, the manufacturer or dispatch business operators will be billed with monthly per-person fees

We will take advantage of the introduction of CSM to extend the service delivery to the automaker's group companies and manufacturers in other industries

- Systems such as CSM have yet to be widely adopted among manufacturers, and as these systems will be linked to client systems, it is unlikely that one company uses multiple systems at the same time from the perspective of confidentiality
- Manufacturers that have decided to introduce CSM from October 2020 to January 2021(as of October 21, 2020)
 - 15 companies in total 1,234 users in total (the number of users at the time of introduction; will increase in the future)

We expect CSM adoption by manufacturer will accelerate over time

| | September | October | November | December | January |
|--|-----------|---------|----------|----------|---------|
| Total number of users | 0 | 192 | 687 | 984 | 1,234 |
| Total number of users per month | 0 | 192 | 495 | 297 | 250 |
| Major car manufacturer | | 178 | | | |
| IT department of a major electronics manufacturer | | | 200 | | |
| Companies renting/leasing brand-name construction machines | | | 20 | | |
| Companies renting/leasing brand-name construction machines | | | 1 | | |
| Manufacturer of optical equipment, etc. | | | 4 | | |
| Manufacturers of major electronic devices, etc. | | | | | 250 |
| Major logistics company | | | 10 | | |
| Manufacturers of major electronic devices, etc. | | | 100 | | |
| Major battery manufacturers | | | | 20 | |
| Major battery manufacturers | | | 100 | | |
| Logistics company affiliated with an automobile manufacturer | | | | 57 | |
| Major chemical product manufacturer | | | | 160 | |
| Major confectionery maker | | | | 60 | |
| Major textile manufacturer | | 14 | | | |
| Major battery manufacturer | | | 60 | | |

NOTE: By facilitating a range of cumbersome procedures involved in placing dispatched workers on the manufacturer side, including ordering to multiple dispatch business operators, CSM will help the Group expand market share and exploit the ongoing HR placement industry shakeout

as clients move to our company.

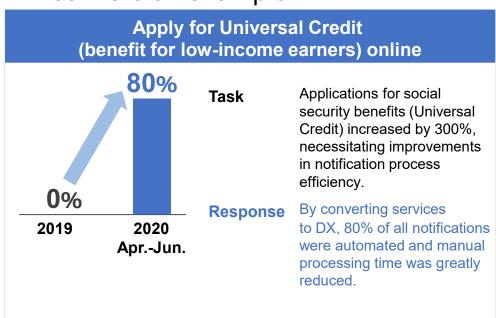
Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business

(Public works-related business in the U.K.)

Promotion of digital government

Despite a pandemic lockdown occurring, the government's conversion to automation and DX progressed rapidly for it to continue business, thus actively adopting tech for BPO business. We succeeded in cutting down 180 man-months and aim to secure future government outsourcing contracts by promoting DX going forward.

DX conversion example



Overseas Service Operations Outsourcing Business (Public works-related business in the U.K.)

 Growth of outplacement (reemployment support) business

In the U.K., after consolidating a recession-resistant outplacement firm into the Group in April, the number of inquiries increased rapidly due to the pandemic. Future demand is expected to increase, so we are further bolstering our presence. Our operating profit has already increased by ¥50 million versus our initial forecast for this fiscal year.

Number of outplacement inquiries

| Apr. | May | Jun. | Jul. | Aug. | Sept. |
|------|-----|------|------|------|-------|
| 48 | 66 | 108 | 124 | 111 | 99 |



Overseas Service Operations Outsourcing Business

- Progress of e-commerce related logistics business
- Services at the distribution bases (collection/delivery centers) for e-commerce, particularly in the Netherlands, as e-commerce being a pre-pandemic growth market
 - ⇒ Due to the Dutch labor shortage, we hired in workers at our recruitment bases in Eastern Europe, where wages are low.
- After the COVID-19 outbreak and ensuing lockdown, reliance on remote work accelerated and e-commerce-related needs have expanded significantly
- ⇒Although we can no longer hire in Eastern Europe, we have hired many foreign nationals who have already moved to the Netherlands but have lost their jobs due to the pandemic
- ⇒Even after the pandemic ends, remote work will continue to expand, as will e-commerce, and our hiring in Eastern Europe could resume at any time



| | FY12/20 1Q-end | | | FY12/20 2Q-end | | | FY12/20 3Q-end | | | FY12/20 4Q-end(Estimate) | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|--------|------------|---------------------|--------|------------|---------------------|--------|------------|--------------------------|----------|------------|
| E-commerce related logistics | Initial forecast | Result | Difference | Initial forecast | Result | Difference | Initial forecast | Result | Difference | Initial forecast | Estimate | Difference |
| business | 8,164 | 9,982 | 1,814 | 9,248 | 11,251 | 2,003 | 9,552 | 12,066 | 2,514 | 9,992 | 13,100 | 3,108 |

- · With the pandemic acting as a major tailwind, both sales and profits are expected to double compared to initial forecasts
- ⇒ Increase the amount of funds posted in earnout by some ¥1 billion

Earnout provision = A provision stating that the buyer of a business is to pay the seller a percentage of the acquisition price according to a calculation method agreed in advance if the business achieves certain financial targets or its performance exceeds the certain threshold within a certain period after closing an M&A transaction.



Acquisition Announcement Made on November 4, 2020



Acquisition Announcement Made on November 4, 2020

M&A in the Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business (Tentative)

Cpl Resources plc (hereinafter "Cpl") Head Office: Dublin, Ireland

On November 4, 2020, the Company and Cpl agreed on the terms of the acquisition which, subject to Craft shareholder and Irish High Court approval, will be made through the cash purchase of all issued and to-be-issued ordinary shares of Cpl (hereinafter the "Acquisition"). Cpl's board of directors has unanimously recommended that its shareholders vote in favor of the Acquisition.

■ Company Profile

- Ireland's largest human resource service company with its ordinary shares listed on the Euronext Growth Market of Euronext Dublin and AIM of the London Stock Exchange
- With a total of 45 offices in 9 countries, mainly Ireland and the United Kingdom, Germany, Czech Republic, Poland, Hungary, Slovakia, Tunisia, and the United States, Cpl has a firm network for global companies in various fields.
- FY6/20: Revenue €569,268K; Operating profit €24,978K
- Number of shares Issued: 27,745,935 shares Established in 1990 General accounting principles: IFRS
- Business description: Develop businesses such as dispatch, recruitment, and managed services in the field of IT, pharmaceutical & life Sciences, medical & healthcare, finance & accounting, legal & human resources, etc.

■ Scheduled Execution Date

- The Acquisition is planned to be implemented through a scheme of arrangement pursuant to Irish law.
 - *For the scheme of arrangement, refer to the "Notice Regarding the Proposal to Acquire the Ireland-Based Company Cpl" announced on November 4, 2020.
 - If the Acquisition is approved by both Cpl's shareholders and the Irish High Court, it is expected to become effective during the 1Q FY21 (January to March 2021). Detailed schedule on the Acquisition process will be promptly disclosed once it becomes finalized.

■ Acquisition Amount

• €11.25 per Cpl ordinary share

■ Acquisition Capital

- Expected to be funded through the Company's cash reserves and financing from banks
- Equity Ratio after M&A
- Expected to be 24.0% before M&A ⇒ 21.0% after M&A

■ Goodwill

Expected to be around ¥22 billion at present



Industry Environment of Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business

Environment

- Demand for IT engineers, etc. continue to expand as technology evolves swiftly and new technologies are to be widely applied in society
- Demands for the adoption of AI and RPA that originated from the office work at various companies facing the shortage of qualified labor have spread to other fields including engineering and logistics. Such demands continue to expand, as companies are taking control measures against COVID-19 and other infectious diseases.
- While demand for engineers took a momentary step back in the R&D field of car industry manufacturers aiming to save costs, demand for engineers and RPA has been steady among non-manufacturing companies.
- HR service providers specializing in manufacturing R&D and smaller providers without the financial reserves are being shaken out of the industry

Our Response

- The KEN School scheme trains and places engineers in high-demand fields
- We accelerate and further hone our Dispatch 2.0 strategy to capture demand for digital transformation (DX) across all industries
- While advancing into various industries and segments, we work on creating a framework that maintains the level of utilization rate, by leveraging the KEN School's online training programs and promote taking in other HR service providers who failed to survive the industry shakeout

Business Scheme of Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business

The KEN School scheme is responding to the shortage of engineers arising from demographic factors

Technological innovation continues every day in various industrial fields, and amidst the chronic shortage of engineers due to the demographic factor of population decline, we maintain growth by securing engineers through the KEN School scheme.

KEN School has established a system where inexperienced workers are recruited, trained through education programs in various industrial fields, and assigned as engineers. Upon being assigned, they are given opportunities to realize career changes and career improvement according to the environment and the wishes of the individual.

Today's younger generation tends to be less willing to make various sacrifices to become employed at a well-known company. They are shifting towards a preference for companies where they can pursue their calling in life rather than aim for a high name value.

KEN School gives the Group an advantage in recruitment and contributes to the significantly high number of people hired, which is outstanding among competitors in the industry

• No. of workers recruited in the 3Q YTD FY12/20: 5,230



- Business Scheme of Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business
- Increase operating efficiency and save manpower through "Dispatch 2.0," a business model which combines engineers and technology

Shift from the current engineer dispatching market to an extremely large market with a higher unit price

Trends in the operating environment related to engineer dispatch

- Decreasing population in many developed countries, as well as the competition over developing and introducing new technologies, is causing a chronic shortage of engineers
- Demand for productivity improvement and manpower savings by using robotics and AI technologies is growing in response to the trend towards reduced working hours

We provide the engineers and advanced technologies as RPA and AI as a package to support the improvement of efficiency, including actual operations



Promote "Dispatch 2.0" model

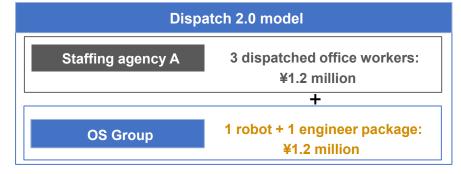


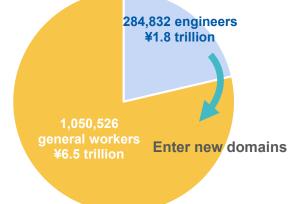


Source: Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare
Calculated from the "Status of Worker Dispatch Business
as of June 1, 2018"









FY12/19 Result
Revenue ¥91.3 bil.

FY12/24 Plan
Revenue ¥260 bil.



- Business Scheme of Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business
 - Increase operating efficiency and save manpower through "Dispatch 2.0," a business model which combines
 engineers and technology

Acquire advanced technologies needed to boost efficiency while maintaining a low-burden management through strategic alliances

Strategy of alliance building to acquire advanced technologies in multiple industries

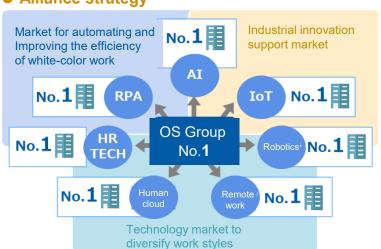
- The technology element of "Dispatch 2.0" calls for proficiency in advanced technologies in a variety of fields; such technology development is difficult for a single company to achieve.
- By joining forces with companies that possess advanced technologies and solutions, the OS Group aims to provide them with the Group's engineers that are necessary for the development and deployment of new technologies.
- Advanced-level engineers have higher unit prices than standard engineers

The likelihood of the general dispatching domain to be automated is high

- Operations in non-technical domains are easier to automate
- Global market for general workers worth approximately ¥25 trillion

Boost earnings by transitioning from the engineer dispatch market to the "Dispatch 2.0" model and by increasing the number of alliances

Alliance strategy



Engineer dispatch targets for FY12/24

| | No. of engineers | Revenue | Operating profit | Operating profit margin |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Existing business | 34,500 | ¥222.5 bil. | ¥18.3 bil. | 8% |
| Dispatch 2.0 | 4,000 | ¥37.5 bil. | ¥7.7 bil. | 20% |
| Total | 38,500 | ¥260 bil. | ¥26.0 bil. | 10% |

FY12/19 Result

FY12/24 Target

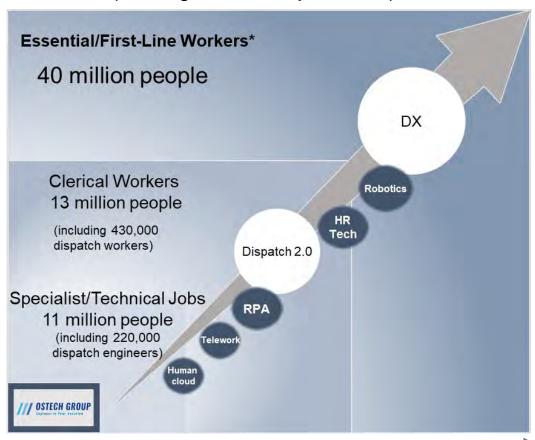
Operating profit margin 7.7%

Operating profit margin **over 10%**



- Business Scheme of Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business
 - Expand the high-value-added innovation support scheme provided by Dispatch 2.0 in a much broader market

Total domestic workforce: 64 million workers (including 60 million corporate hires)



^{*} First-line workers: Refers to people who work "onsite" in such fields as manufacturing, construction, healthcare, a term mainly used by Microsoft

Market size

Examples of services for DX market





Readily secure HR needs by reducing the amount of humaninvolved work through the use of robot transporters and AR





Reduce store staff at convenience stores and other retailers by adopting unmanned cash registers, displaying image analysis, using sensors, and other tools

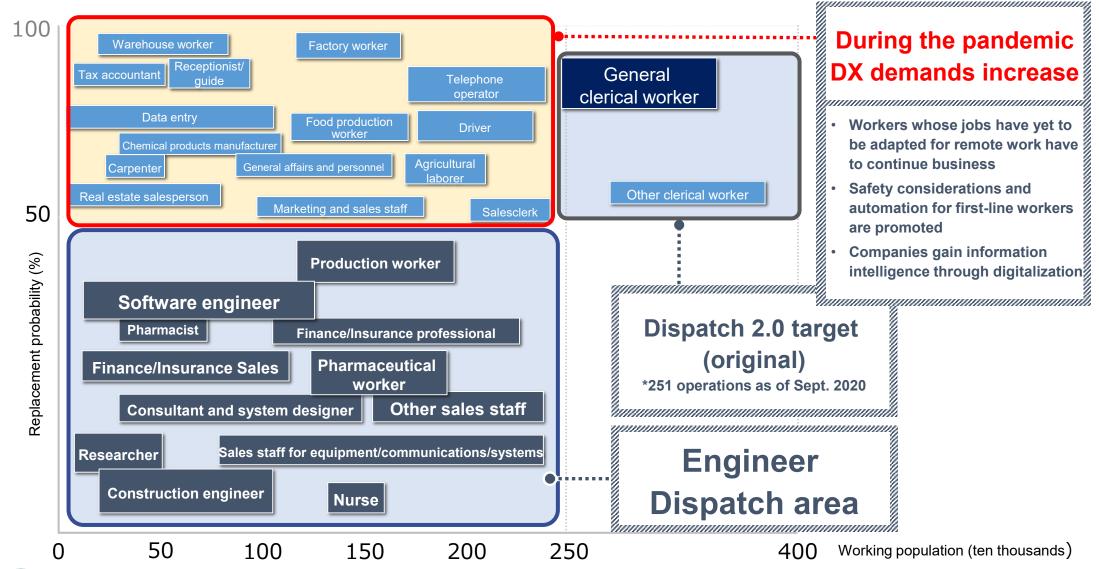




Solve an HR shortage mainly by using software robots to perform routine back-office tasks



- Business Scheme of Domestic Engineering Outsourcing Business
- In addition to the original target of Dispatch 2.0, we are working to capture the growing DX demands for first-line workers



Industry Environment of Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business

Environment

 Labor supply-demand conditions in the manufacturing sector shift from a seller's market to a buyer's market

Seller's market⇒Dispatch business operators could have received orders from manufacturers if they had hiring capacity and abundant human resources

Buyer's market⇒Only dispatch business operators with proposal development capability can receive orders

 With their back-office work and other functions being performed through remote work, clients must deal with various cumbersome procedures involved in placing dispatched workers

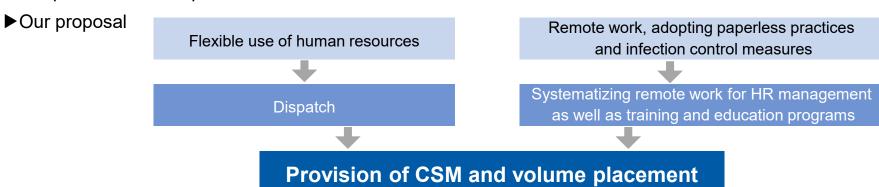
Our Response

• In the current environment, only dispatch business operators with exceptional proposals can secure placement contracts, which has led to an industry shakeout. By providing solutions including CSM to clients, we will take in other vendors and expand market share

Taking in peers in the same industry during the HR service industry shakeout \Rightarrow Please refer to PP.60-62 (including the Domestic Services Operation Outsourcing Business)

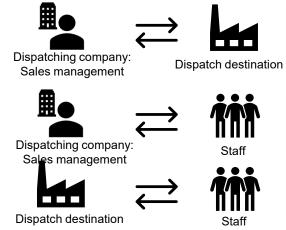
- Business Scheme of Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business
- Provision of Dispatched Employee Arrangement/Management System "CSM"
- Impact of the pandemic on the manufacturing sector

Despite signs of a production recovery primarily in the auto industry, personnel and manufacturing divisions in manufacturing companies have had to respond to challenges they had never experienced before, from remote work to setting up protocols for infection controls onsite. In addition, they had to work on establishing a flexible production system on the premise that the pandemic will continue



CSM: Cloud Staffing Management

► Solving issues by CSM



Existing challenges

- Status of staff is not visualized
- Systems to respond to frequent inquiries and requests remain analog (not computerized)
- Invisible management costs incurred
- · Communication must be conveyed to each individual
- Requests are not well organized and forgotten
- · Required information is not available when needed
- Procedures to evaluate dispatched employees are timeconsuming.
- · Difficulties in sharing analog information

Support by CSM

- Sharing information on staff work attendance
- Staff evaluation system
- Digitization of contract documents/invoices
- · Dispatch inquiry notification
- Staff bulletin board
- Digitization of staff information
- Systematization of paid-leave management
- Staff evaluation system (at dispatch destination)
- Staff bulletin board (at dispatch destination)



- Business Scheme of Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business
 - Provision of Dispatched Employee Arrangement/Management System "CSM"

Benefits to manufacturers from the introduction of CSM

- 1. Operational efficiency · attendance management, billing management
- simplified process for dispatch management 2. Cost reduction
- 3. Improved retention rate · increased productivity

- 4. Reducing environmental footprint
- · paperless practices, resource utilization
- 5. BCP (Business Continuity Plan)
- digitization of information, business continuity
- Centralized management of evaluation system 6. Equal pay for equal work

In our centralized management with CSM, we establish an HR management center to facilitate communication and coordination between companies in need of personnel and dispatch business operators, including provision of staff training (off-JT, on-JT) etc...

Note: As the main supplier, our company provides a more efficient point-of-contact for parties involved in worker dispatching.



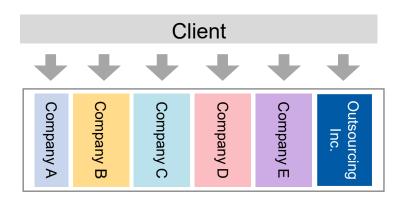
Note: Our centralized management service business integrates the operating know-how of each Group company.



- Business Scheme of Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business
 - Provision of Dispatched Employee Arrangement/Management System "CSM"

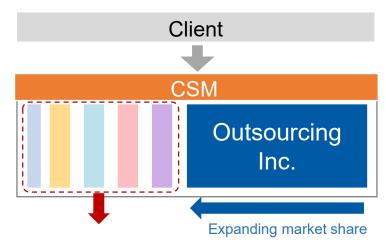
Current status

Traditionally, we have been one of the dispatch business operators that receives orders from clients



After introducing CSM

Obtain the largest share of the market by proposing and introducing CSM as well as by taking in dispatch business operators who do not survive the shakeout.

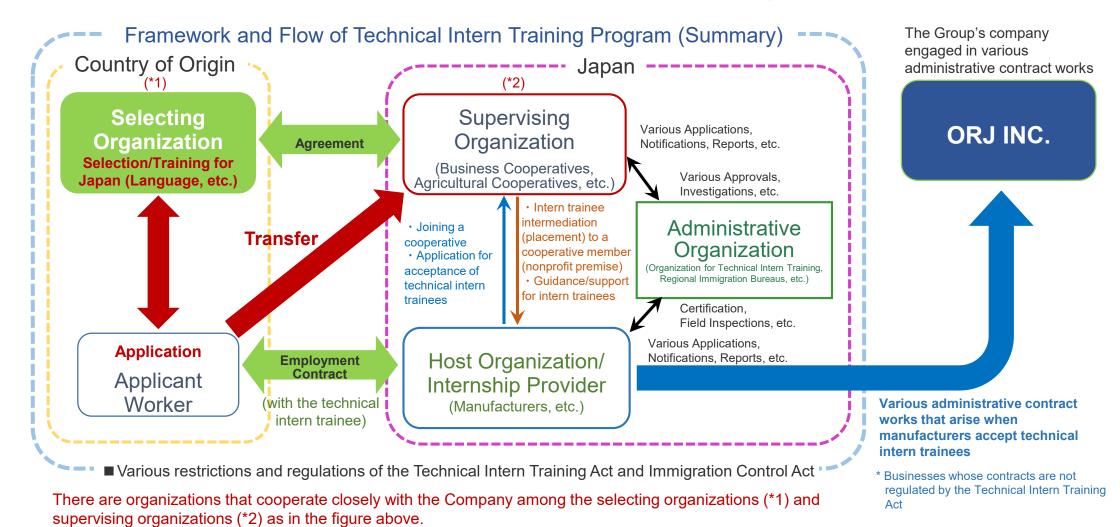


Taking in competitors who are weakened by the loss of market share.



- Business Scheme of Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business
 - Business related to Technical Intern Training Program and Specified Skilled Worker System

Currently, the entry of foreign nationals to Japan remains difficult due to the impact of the pandemic, but the business will expand as domestic workforce declines in the medium-to-long term



- Business Scheme of Domestic Service Operations Outsourcing Business
 - Outsourcing for US military facilities that have high barriers of entry from the perspective of classified information protection

The OS Group's AMERICAN ENGINEERING CORPORATION (AEC) has a high level of credibility from the US military. By expanding the amount of contract surety bond (performance bond) required for bidding through synergies with the Group, AEC has been able to increase the number of successfully-won large-scale project orders which have high profit margins.

- Receives contract maintenance and construction works for highly classified aircraft hangars and HVAC facilities at domestic US military facilities such as in Okinawa, etc., which are relatively less susceptible to receiving impact from the economic cycle.
- Orders for work on US military facilities are won through a bidding process, and one must obtain a high level of credibility from the US military in order to be selected as a contractor.

The Group is accelerating deployment of work for US military facilities to Hawaii and Alaska after already commencing business in Guam, aiming to secure revenue worth approx. 80 billion yen equivalent to the current contract surety bond (performance bond) at an early stage, targeting further expansion of the allotment and orders.



- Business Scheme of Overseas Engineering Outsourcing Business
 - Various consignment work from governments and local public institutions which is relatively insusceptible to economic fluctuations
 - · Addressing the shortage of engineers by introducing the KEN School scheme

Increasing contracts from the central and local governments in the countries such as the U.K. and Australia for a variety of tasks by utilizing our proprietary system.

■ By offering one-stop solutions through the expansion of business areas by all U.K. Group companies, the Group showed further growth in the market for government debt collection through the use of IoT and big data.

Outsourcing of engineers in the ICT-related and financial fields, mainly for public institutions is growing in Europe and Australia.

In Australia, the Group expands a scheme similar to that of the KEN School in Japan for training workers with inexperience or low-level skills and assigning them as engineers. This secures and assigns a larger number of engineers.

Establish holding company structures for Group companies in the U.K. and Australia, optimize resources within the group, and accelerate revenue synergies and cost synergies from cross-selling etc.

*Due to the global spread of COVID-19, deployment of engineers globally has been suspended since March 2020.



- Business Scheme of Overseas Manufacturing and Service Operations Outsourcing Business
 - Industry sector diversification over manufacturing-related business and government- and logisticsrelated services

Manufacturing related business

Manufacturing related outsourcing business using technically skilled workers throughout Europe, mainly in Germany

■ Aiming to expand the range of workers from factory staff with high skill proficiency to more advanced staff such as for testing / evaluation and process control etc.

Public works related service operation business

From government institutions and administrations of each country, the Group takes on consignment of various outsourcing public work such as service operations at public facilities like prisons and airports.

■ Outsourcing of public projects and public works to the private sector has been growing due to financial budget difficulties in developed countries

Logistics related service operation business

The Group is developing a logistics outsourcing business related to e-commerce throughout Europe, mainly in the Netherlands.

■ Internet-based logistics are expanding globally, and given its low volatility, the Group will expand the e-commerce business.

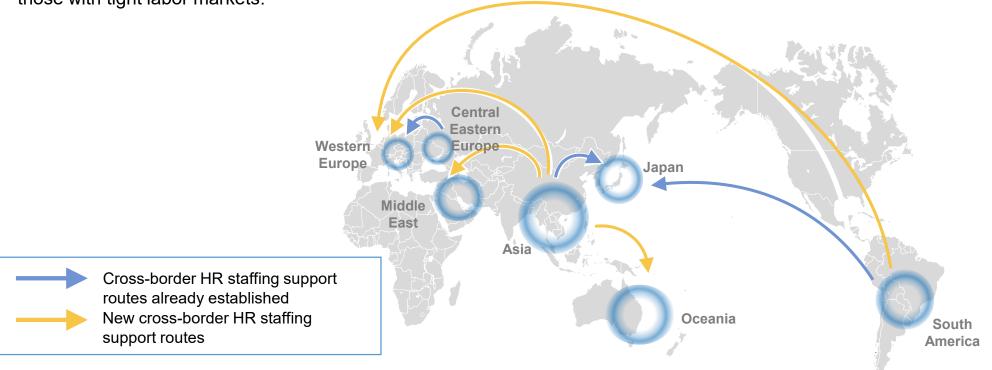
Reducing risk through sector diversification in three fields with different business cycles, and rolling out mutual sharing of business know-how, infrastructure, engineers, etc., to Europe, Asia and Australia

*Due to the global spread of COVID-19, deployment of engineers globally has been suspended since March 2020.



- Business Scheme of Overseas Manufacturing and Service Operations Outsourcing Business
 - Global utilization of the growing worldwide population

Because in Japan and other developed countries in Europe, the workforce population is in tight supply due to declining birthrates and aging population, we are recruiting mainly in Eastern Europe and Asia, where the Group has many recruitment offices. We are expanding the support structure to supply workforce from countries with abundant workforces to those with tight labor markets.



Expand business by leveraging the growing worldwide population through a cross-border global HR mobilization network

*Due to the global spread of COVID-19, development of a cross-border HR mobilization network has been suspended since March 2020.



 M&A in Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business (taking in peers in the same industry during the industry shakeout)

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Career Group [Four companies: Career Agent Co., Ltd. (Saitama Prefecture); Career Contract Co., Ltd. (Ibaraki Prefecture); Career File Co., Ltd. (Fukuoka Prefecture); and Career Incubator Co., Ltd. (Saitama Prefecture)]
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Acquired as wholly-owned subsidiaries on October 1, 2020

⇒ The four companies provide manufacturing placement services mainly to the pharmaceutical and food industries based on a profit-oriented management policy, while focusing on responding to law revisions and thorough compliance. They have already accumulated many excellent local companies as clients.

Synergy with the Group

- ⇒ The Career group will further expand the range of their business operations by utilizing the Group's management resources including recruitment and sales strengths
 - By bringing in the Career group, the Group will strengthen its capability to respond to client needs of hiring workers locally in small lots and promote smoothing out earnings by making its performance less susceptible to business cycles of specific client bases



 M&A in Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business (taking in peers in the same industry during the industry shakeout)

AVANCE HOLDINGS Co., Ltd.

To become a subsidiary in November 2020 (additional acquisition of 43% of issued shares to hold total 51% with 8% OS acquired)

⇒ The AVANCE group has established networks and connections to invite persons of Japanese descent, mainly from Brazil to work in Japan, for over 30 years and is trusted by governments and the community of Japanese descendants

FY3/20 (AVANCE CORPORATION, non-consolidated)

Net sales: ¥13,716 million Operating profit: ¥337 million

Synergy with the Group

- → In Japan, use of foreign workers is steadily growing due to the declining labor force population in Japan over the medium to long term; we aim to strengthen the AVANCE Group's business and management foundations by actively and flexibly using the OS Group's client base and sales force
 - The Group will leverage the AVANCE Group's knowhow and the Group's HR mobilization scheme
 to not only invite overseas workers to Japan, but also to establish a HR mobilization network in
 Europe, the Middle East, North America and other regions in the future; it will also serve as a core
 infrastructure for our WBB* platform

*WBB = "WORKING" Beyond Borders

This is a platform for workers who travel under the HR mobilization scheme can do so in a consistently safe and secure manner

• The OS Group's medium-term growth strategy is to lay the foundations for new business hubs that do not accompany employment and we are working to develop and provide it as a platform



 M&A in Domestic Manufacturing Outsourcing Business (promotion of performance leveling)

EcoCity Group [Two companies: EcoCityGroup Corporation and its wholly owned subsidiary, EcoCityService Corporation]

Acquired as wholly-owned subsidiaries on October 8, 2020

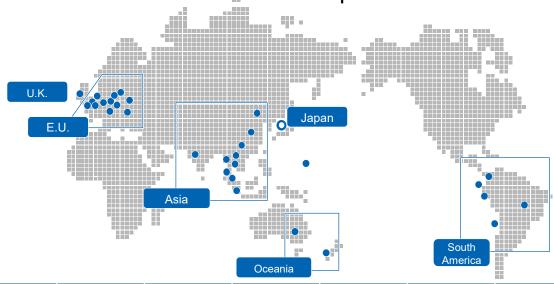
⇒ Entrusted by local governments and public enterprises, EcoCityService handles meter reading work of water and sewage charges, collection of charges clerical work, tax payment notification call center operation and other roles as a BPO. Since the contracts of these works run for multiple years, the company has a stable revenue base and has achieved 17 consecutive years of sales growth since it was launched in 2003

Synergy with the Group

- ⇒ Expand the range of our Group's public-work related businesses in Japan by utilizing our Group's management resources to promote widely EcoCityServices' BPO business for public agencies
 - In the future, we will promote DX conversion of domestic public debt collection business by utilizing proprietary AI that streamlines the public debt collection business of the existing U.K. Group companies
 - * Our Group is engaged in business performance leveling by expanding its presence in public works outsourcing business that has a different business cycle from the highly volatile manufacturing outsourcing business and is less susceptible to economic fluctuations
 - In developed countries, the central and local governments actively outsource public services to the private sector. Our Group is engaged in the debt collection agency services for the central and local governments, BPO, BPS and other public sector outsourcing ranging from upstream to downstream services in the U.K. market
 - In Japan, the privatization of public works has emerged from its seed stage to actual growth phase, as the number of staff at a local government is on the decline while the administrative needs of residents are diversifying



The Group's Global Expansion is Focused Only on HR Service Business, about Which We have Developed and Refined Know how in Japan



| Classification | Japan | Oceania | U.K. | E.U. | Asia | South America | Covered Industry Sectors |
|--|-------|---------|------|------|------|------------------|---|
| Engineering HR Service Business | • | • | • | _ | _ | _ | IT-related, electrical/electronics/transport equipment (R&D) pharmaceutical/medical care (R&D) construction/plant, others |
| Non-office Worker HR Service Business | • | _ | _ | • | • | • | manufacturing, logistics/retail transportation infrastructure, medical care/nursing care, other service operations |
| Foreign Staff Support Business | • | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Government Outsourcing Business | • | • | • | _ | • | _ | government-related, U.S. military facilities-related |
| Other Business | • | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | administrative outsourcing service business at a special subsidiary, etc. |

We are considering to apply these new classifications from the 1Q FY12/21 in order for our shareholders to better understand the Group businesses. (Classification details have yet to be finalized at present.)



The Group's Global Expansion is Focused Only on HR Service Business, about Which We have Developed and Refined Know-how in Japan

Business Portfolio by Region

| New business classifications | Region | Main Group companies |
|--|------------------|---|
| Engineering HR Service Business | Japan | OUTSOURCING TECHNOLOGY Inc., Mobile Communications Co. Ltd., enable Inc., RPM Co., Ltd., TryAngle Co., Ltd., Advantec Co., Ltd., Kyodo Engineering Corporation, Thinketh Bank Co., Ltd. |
| THE GOLLING Edonioss | Oceania | BLUEFIN Group, PM-P Group, OUTSOURCING OCEANIA Group (CLICKS, INDEX) |
| | U.K. | NTRINSIC Group |
| | Japan | OUTSOURCING Inc., PEO Co., Ltd., OTS Inc. |
| | E.U. | Orizon Group, OTTO Group |
| Non-office Worker HR Service Business | Asia | OS VIETNAM, OS (THAILAND), PT.OS SELNAJAYA INDONESIA, SANSHIN (MALAYSIA), OUTSOURCING (CAMBODIA), FARO Group, OS HRS Group, ALP Group (ALP, DATACORE) |
| | South America | GRUPOEXPRO Group, SL Group, OS ELOFORT Group, HELPNET Group |
| Foreign Staff Support Business | Japan | ORJ INC. |
| Government | Japan | AMERICAN ENGINEERING CORPORATION (OKINAWA), Oshima Shokai Co.,Ltd., ORION CONSTRUCTION |
| Outsourcing Business | Oceania | OUTSOURCING OCEANIA Group (HOBAN) |
| | U.K. | CDER Group (former J.B.W. Group), LIBERATA Group, VERACITY, ALLEN LANE |
| Other Business | Japan | Outsourcing Business Service Inc. |

We are considering to apply these new classifications from 1Q FY12/21 in order for our shareholders to better understand the Group businesses. (Classification details have yet to be finalized at present.)



Strengthening Group Governance (i)

Group governance to achieve dramatic growth

Corporate governance) (Corporate governance)

- Planning a governance strategy and deploying it within the Group
- Smooth operation of the Board of Directors, reporting, and internal audits

Improving the quality of global group management

- Management from a global perspective with consistent venture spirits
- Continuous development of ethical global management personnel
- Creating a system in which each regional holding company (HD) is responsible for the regional management
- Strengthening authority and improving management efficiency by establishing a regional HD structure

Minimizing risks by "implementing rules"

- Strengthening management structure through the global governance policy(*1)
- Ongoing risk management based on internal control (J-SOX, MCR *2)
- Penetration of the Corporate Ethics Code of Conduct, anticorruption regulations, and whistle-blowing system
- Advance recognition and response for risks by governance due diligence
- Improve and implement risk management awareness through education and training

Group platform creation led by the head office

- Building a robust corporate structure centered on the pillars of accounting, finance, and education, and strengthening financial functions
- Establishment of group labor management system, personnel system reforms and education and training system
- Appropriate IT infrastructure, security support, and information protection / RPA resulting from cloud computing



Strengthening Group Governance (ii)

2020 Priority Measures

From January 1, 2020, Interregional business operations started with the local HDs in the UK and Oceania

→ Promote regional autonomy through the following activities in order to ensure business continuity in the event of a global crisis

♦ Improvement of global group management quality

Objective: accelerate management decision-making / improve efficiency through autonomous management

- Further disseminate the OS Group management philosophy to top managements of Group companies
- Clearly stating the area of discretion (approval authority / sphere of responsibility) and introducing compensation / evaluation scheme for regional HDs to take charge of management
- Perform regular status checks and verification by both the head office and local HDs to formulate and promote measures necessary for quality improvement

♦ Minimizing risks by implementing rules

Objective: prevent problems from occurring in advance by thoroughly implementing the rules

- Continuous maintenance of internal control (J-SOX and MCR)
 - (*2) MCR (Minimum Control Requirement) is an internal control scheme unique to the OS group. It is an autonomous internal control that each group company selects and prepares risk management items from the template created by the Head Office Business Administration Headquarters, and each company's management conducts self-inspection by mutual inspection between divisions. It contributes to raise awareness of risks in management by coordinating with the Head Office.
- E-learning to further spread the rules such as the Corporate Ethics Code of Conduct
- Global expansion of the whistle-blowing system (the system has already been introduced in Asia and Oceania, and is currently being rolled out to South America)
- Applying the results of governance due diligence, introduce MCR internal control to launch risk management as soon as possible after M&A

◆ Group platform creation led by the head office

Objective: Strengthen the Group management base

- · Accounting: streamlining and speeding up consolidated settlement operations and introducing systems to overseas companies
- Finance: strengthening financial functions / global fund management initiatives
- IT: strengthening information security measures assuming cracking due to malware infection
- IT: digitization and automation of operations
- HR: create human resource development / education / training system that combines personnel strategies of all Group companies



Strengthening Group Governance (iii)

Continued sustainment of internal control (J-SOX and MCR)

◆Introduction of J-SOX to regional HD

Purpose: Response to regional HD becoming an evaluation target company of J-SOX

As a regional HD based on consolidated financial statements, OSUK has been engaged in adopting an internal control
reporting system ever since it became a company subject to so-called J-SOX evaluation from FY 2020. Currently, based on
the head office model, we are preparing RCMs (risk control matrixes) at both the HD and subsidiary levels (preparation of
internal control documents and compilation of accuracy credibility), which will then be audited after November to evaluate
preparatory and operational merit.

◆Continued sustainment of MCR (as of October 31, 2020)

Purpose: Self-risk oversight of J-SOX internal control non-target company management

| Stage | Subjects | Current status | Schedule going forward | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Briefing on implementation → document creation starts | Documentation produced, self-inspection | Self-evaluation results report | | | | |
| Stage 0 | 3 companies | Setting of briefing schedule work in progress | After spring 2021 | | | | | | |
| Stage 1 | 0 companies | Start of Production | | | | | | | |
| Stage 2 | 1 company | Creating MCR documents under the guidance of the Company's Business Management Division | | By Dec. 2020 | | | | | |
| Stage 3 | 6 companies | To be adopted by each Group company in accordance with their own operational needs, after confirming controls and division of work, and making improvements as required | | | By Mar. 2021 | | | | |
| Stage 4 | 2 companies | Self-evaluation work in progress; report scheduled after completion | | | By Dec. 2020 | | | | |
| Final Stage | 7 companies | Second self-evaluation report completed | | | | | | | |

- As of October 2020, 7 companies have completed the second self-evaluation reports and the Company has finished reviewing them; 2 companies still being evaluated.
- The 3 companies in stage 0 are scheduled to begin after the situation allows individual onsite guidance.
- For each company in stages 2 to 4, we periodically confirm their progress and provide guidance remotely.



Strengthening Group Governance (iv)

(*1) Strengthening the management structure based on the global governance policy

Basic approach to corporate governance

Fully embracing its responsibility as an exemplar corporate citizen to contribute to society, OUTSOURCING Inc. established the "Management Philosophy." The Company thus recognizes that, in an effort to enhance corporate values over the medium- to long-term in a constantly changing business environment, management must assign the utmost priority to creating a fully autonomous, highly ethical corporate governance regime that is closely monitored and routinely reviewed in order to build sustainable relationships of trust with all the stakeholders.



Formulate the global governance policy and strengthen the group management structure

Purpose of formulation: to maintain the soundness of the entire group, as the basic policy of corporate governance of OUTSOURCING Inc. and its group companies

- 7 Basic Policies: 1) Role and responsibilities of the Board of Directors
 - 2) Risk management
 - 3) Approval reporting rules
 - 4) Regular reports to the parent company
 - 5) Internal reporting system
 - 6) Internal audit by the parent company
 - 7) Education and training



Supplemental Information: Domestic Recruitment Plan for FY12/20

Annual and Semi-Annual Trends

| | | | FY12/19 | | | FY12/20 | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | | | Actual | | Actual | Fore | cast |
| | | 1H | 2H | Full-Year | 1H | 2H | Full-Year |
| Engineering | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 3,991 | 2,352 | 6,343 | 4,080 | 2,296 | 6,376 |
| Engineering | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 324,149 | 579,798 | 418,944 | 442,400 | 591,102 | 495,947 |
| Manufacturing | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 4,534 | 3,284 | 7,818 | 2,746 | 3,775 | 6,521 |
| Manufacturing | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 85,450 | 57,705 | 73,796 | 104,445 | 81,590 | 91,215 |
| Coming Operations | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 1,959 | 1,281 | 3,240 | 894 | 1,000 | 1,894 |
| Service Operations | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 23,095 | 37,880 | 28,940 | 30,002 | 24,137 | 26,905 |
| Recruiting and Placing | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 1,958 | 1,767 | 3,725 | 702 | 510 | 1,212 |
| | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 174,674 | 134,879 | 155,797 | 339,715 | 163,445 | 265,542 |

Quarterly Trends

| | | FY12/19 | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| | | | | Actual | | | | Actual | | Forecasts | |
| | | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Full-Year | 1Q | 2Q | 3Q | 4Q | Full-Year |
| Engineering | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 1,155 | 2,836 | 1,201 | 1,151 | 6,343 | 1,155 | 2,925 | 1,150 | 1,146 | 6,376 |
| Engineering | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 598,655 | 212,352 | 630,609 | 526,779 | 418,944 | 994,573 | 224,362 | 725,192 | 523,199 | 495,947 |
| Manufacturing | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 2,046 | 2,488 | 1,582 | 1,702 | 7,818 | 1,411 | 1,335 | 1,358 | 2,417 | 6,521 |
| wanuacumg | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 126,977 | 51,301 | 61,884 | 53,821 | 73,796 | 136,396 | 70,676 | 85,170 | 192,342 | 91,215 |
| Sanias Operations | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 1,070 | 889 | 569 | 712 | 3,240 | 505 | 389 | 465 | 535 | 1,894 |
| Service Operations | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 27,456 | 17,846 | 33,576 | 41,319 | 28,940 | 51,347 | 2,293 | 26,572 | 11,781 | 26,905 |
| Recruiting and Placing | No. of workers recruited (persons) | 924 | 1,034 | 967 | 800 | 3,725 | 511 | 191 | 185 | 325 | 1,212 |
| | Recruitment unit price (¥/worker) | 196,934 | 154,781 | 171,402 | 90,731 | 155,797 | 395,779 | 189,723 | 164,914 | 52,848 | 265,542 |



Change in IFRS 16 (Lease accounting)

✓ According to the decision of the International Financial Reporting Council (IASB), companies complying with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are required to recognize lease (right of use) as an asset and record lease liabilities for all lease transactions except for short-term and low-value assets lease under IFRS 16 from fiscal year beginning January 1, 2019 onward. (Lease assets are subject to depreciation instead of being recorded as expense)

Impacts of Change in IFRS 16 (Lease accounting)

- ✓ Total assets increases by bringing lease on the balance sheet as an asset, which results in deterioration of financial indicators, including equity ratio
- ✓ Accounting process becomes more complicated

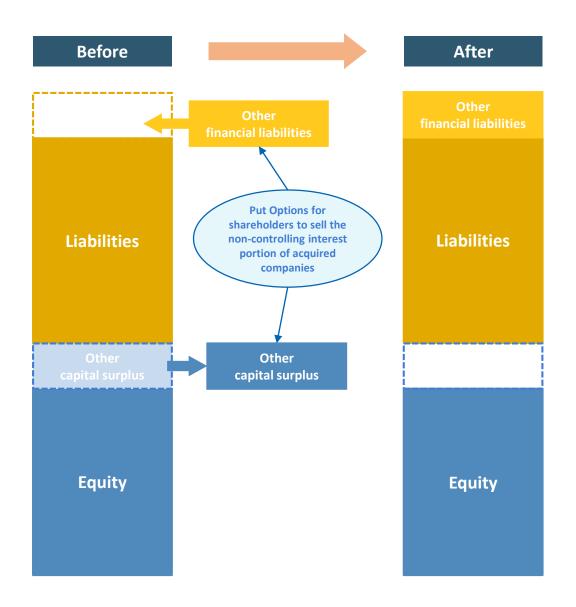
In cases where put options for NCI are granted, related to M&A.

Common Interpretation of IAS

✓ From paragraph 23 of IAS 32, parent must recognize a financial liability when it has an obligation to pay cash in the future to purchase the minority's shares, even if the payment of that cash is conditional on the option being exercised by the holder.

Our Application

✓ In the event that we acquired less than 100% of the shares of acquired companies and the right for shareholders to sell the non-controlling interest portion to the Company in the future is granted, we record the future prospective purchase price as a liability and subtract the equivalent amount from equity.





Note

As the provisional accounting of the business combinations in FY12/19 was finalized, the consolidated financial statements from FY12/19 onward were retrospectively adjusted.



Legal Disclaimer

This material contains forward-looking statements such as earnings estimates and plans made by the Company, which are based upon the best available information as of the date of the presentation of this material. Therefore, the actual results may differ from the plan and the estimate values due to various factors in the future. Note that the contents of this material are relevant as of the date of this document (or a date specified separately therein) and are subject to change without advance notice. Also, the information described in this presentation other than corporate information of the Group has been compiled by the Company based on publicly available sources, and we have not verified and will not guarantee the accuracy or appropriateness of such information.

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